

ITEM NO. 16

REPORT TO THE COUNCIL MEETING OF 14 December 2015

Meeting: Council
Date: 14 December 2015
Subject: Council Tax Base 2016/17
Report of: Finance Services Manager
Portfolio Holder: Councillor P King
Status: Decision
Relevant Ward(s): All

1 Purpose Report

1.1 To set the Council Tax base for the Council Tax in 2016/17.

1.2 In association with fixing the Council Tax base, to recommend to the Council the allowance (in percentage terms) to be made in 2016/17.

2 Recommendations:

2.1 It is recommended that:-

(i) the calculation of the Council Tax base for the year 2016/17 be approved;

(ii) in accordance with the Local Authorities (Calculation of Tax Base) (England) Regulations 2012 SI 2012/2914, the amount calculated by Harborough District Council as its Council Tax base for the year 2016/17 shall be 32,787.5 and

(iii) the Council Tax base for individual Parishes for 2016/2017 be calculated in accordance with the same principles as the Council's overall Council Tax Base as detailed in Appendix A.

3 Summary of Reasons for the Recommendations

3.1 To set the Council's tax base for 2016/17.

4 Impact on Communities

- 4.1 The tax base for each Parish Council and Parish Meeting affects the amount of Council Tax for each chargeable property

5 Key Facts

Fixing the Council Tax Base

- 5.1 The Local Government Finance Act 1992, as amended, requires the Council to fix the Council Tax base for 2016/17 between 1 December 2015 and 31 January 2016.
- 5.2 The calculation has been prepared in accordance with the Regulations 'Local Authorities (Calculation of Council Tax Base) Regulations 2012 (SI: 2012:2914)' which came into force on 30 November 2012, to enable local authorities to calculate the tax base for the financial year 2016/17.
- 5.3 The Council Tax Base is defined as the number of Band D equivalent properties in a local authority's area. An authority's tax base is taken into account when it calculates its council tax, and when central government calculates allocations of formula grant.
- 5.4 It is calculated by adding together the "relevant amounts" (the number of dwellings) for each valuation band, then multiplying the result by the Council's estimate of its collection rate for the year.
- 5.5 There is an overall increase in the council tax base for 2016/17, although some individual parishes tax base have decreased.
- 5.6 **Appendix A** shows the actual number of Band D equivalent properties on the Council Tax database as at the 30 November 2015 for each Parish and Special Expense area.
- 5.7 A bad debt provision of 1.5% has been applied to allow for non collection and banding appeals. The adjusted figures for each Parish and Special Expense area are set out in **Appendix A**. The respective Council Tax base for each Parish and Special Expense area is used as a basis for charging Special Expenses and Parish Precepts to the Council Tax payers of the appropriate parts of the District.
- 5.8 The 2016/17 tax base calculation also takes into account changes to the current Class C and Class A council tax exemptions.
- 5.9 The tax base figures for 2016/17 are based on the number of dwellings within each band to be notified by the Listing Officer by 1 December 2015, hence the earliest date the Council can fix the tax base is 1 December 2015. District Councils must notify the tax base for their district to the County Council, the Police Authority and the Fire Authority by 31 January 2016. A tax base must be produced, not only for the District as a whole, but also for each parish and

the unparished area of Market Harborough. Parishes will be informed of their Council Tax base in accordance with Regulation 4 of the Local Authorities (Calculation of Council Tax Base) (Supply of Information) Regulations 1992.

- 5.10 The annual tax base is also used by Parish Councils and Parish Meetings to calculate their parish precepts. For 2016/17 the setting of the tax base in December allows Parish meetings to set their precepts in January and to notify the Council in time for formulating the Council Tax resolution in February..

Deductions from the Tax Base for Irrecoverables

- 5.12 The regulations require that the Council estimates its collection rate for the financial year. This is the Council's estimate of the total amount in respect of its Council Tax for the year payable into its Collection Fund and transferable between its General and Collection Fund, and which it estimates will ultimately be paid or transferred.
- 5.13 The collection rate has been reviewed and has been kept at 98.5%, which is considered realistic in the present circumstances.
- 5.14 The allowance for irrecoverables included in the Tax Base is therefore 1.5%

6 Legal Issues

- 6.1 The Council must set a tax base by 31 January of each year, based on data at 1 December of each year. This tax base must be notified to each major preceptor by 31 January.

7 Resource Issues

- 7.1 The Council's tax base impacts the amount of Council Tax.

8 Equality Implications

- 8.1 None arising directly out of this report.

9 Impact on the Organisation

- 9.1 None arising directly out of this report

10 Community Safety Implications

- 10.1 None arising directly out of this report

- 11. Carbon Management Implications
 - 11.1 None arising directly out of this report
 - 12. Risk Management Implications
 - 12.1 None arising directly out of this report
 - 13. Consultation
 - 13.1 Not applicable, this is a statutory calculation.
 - 14. Options Considered
 - 14.1 Not applicable
 - 15. Background Papers
 - 15.1 Not applicable
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Previous report(s):

Information Issued Under Sensitive Issue Procedure: No

Ward Members Notified: Not applicable

Appendices: *list any appendices here including title and filename in brackets (e.g. Performance Data 2010 (perfdata.doc)).*

A. Council Tax Base